Claims

We claim:

- 1. A method of treating ulcers in a human which comprises administering to a human in need of treatment for ulcers, a therapeutically effective amount of rabeprazole, the rabeprazole comprising optically pure S(-) rabeprazole, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 2. A method of treating gastroesophageal reflux disease in a human which comprises administering to a human in need of treatment for gastroesophageal reflux disease, a therapeutically effective amount of rabeprazole, the rabeprazole comprising optically pure *S*(-)rabeprazole, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 3. A method of treating a condition caused by or contributed to by gastric hypersecretion in a human which comprises administering to a human in need of treatment for a condition caused by or contributed to by gastric hypersecretion, a therapeutically effective amount of rabeprazole, the rabeprazole comprising optically pure S(-) rabeprazole, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 4. A method of treating psoriasis in a human which comprises administering to a human in need of treatment for psoriasis, a therapeutically effective amount of rabeprazole, the rabeprazole comprising optically pure S(-) rabeprazole, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
 - 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the rabeprazole is administered orally.
- 6. The method of claim 5, wherein the therapeutically effective amount of rabeprazole, the rabeprazole comprising optically pure S(-) rabeprazole, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof administered is from about 5 mg to about 200 mg per day.
- 7. The method of claim 1, wherein the rabeprazole comprises at least approximately 90% by weight S(-) rabeprazole and 10% or less by weight of R(+) rabeprazole.

- 8. The method of claim 7, wherein the rabeprazole comprises at least approximately 99% by weight S(-) rabeprazole and 1% or less by weight of R(+) rabeprazole..
 - 9. The method of claim 2, wherein the rabeprazole is administered orally.
- 10. The method of claim 9, wherein the therapeutically effective amount of rabeprazole, the rabeprazole comprising optically pure S(-)rabeprazole, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof administered is from about 5 mg to about 200 mg per day.
- 11. The method of claim 2, wherein the rabeprazole comprises at least approximately 90% by weight S(-) rabeprazole and 10% or less by weight of R(+) rabeprazole.
- 12. The method of claim 3, wherein the condition caused by or contributed to by gastric hypersecretion is Zollinger-Ellison Syndrome.
 - 13. The method of claim 3, wherein the rabeprazole is administered orally.
- 14. The method of claim 13, wherein the therapeutically effective amount of rabeprazole, the rabeprazole comprising optically pure S(-) rabeprazole, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof administered is from about 5 mg to about 200 mg per day.
- 15. The method of claim 3, wherein the rabeprazole comprises at least approximately 90% by weight S(-) rabeprazole and 10% or less by weight of R(+) rabeprazole..
 - 16. The method of claim 4, wherein the rabeprazole is administered orally.
- 17. The method of claim 16, wherein the therapeutically effective amount of rabeprazole, the rabeprazole comprising optically pure S(-) rabeprazole, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof administered is from about 5 mg to about 200 mg per day.

- 18. The method of claim 4, wherein the rabeprazole comprises at least approximately 90% by weight S(-) rabeprazole and 10% or less by weight of R(+) rabeprazole..
- 19. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of rabeprazole, containing at least approximately 90% by weight S(-) rabeprazole and 10% or less by weight R(+) rabeprazole, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier for oral administration of the composition.
 - 20. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 19, in the form of a tablet or capsule.